

# NON-SUPERSYMMETRIC STRINGS AND FINITENESS

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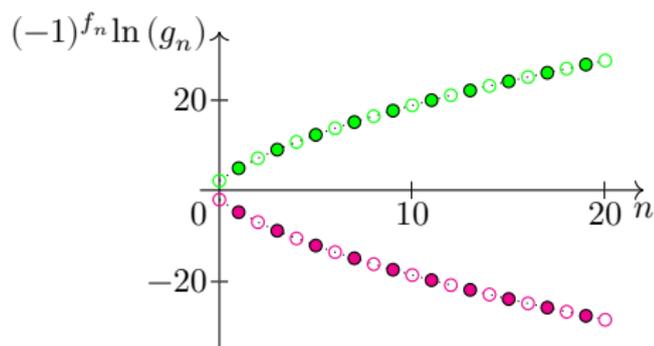
July 5, 2022

based on collaborations with Niccolò Cribiori,  
Susha Parameswaran and Timm Wrase

1. JHEP 04 (2021) 099 [[hep-th/2012.04677](#)]
2. JHEP 01 (2022) 127 [[hep-th/2110.11973](#)]

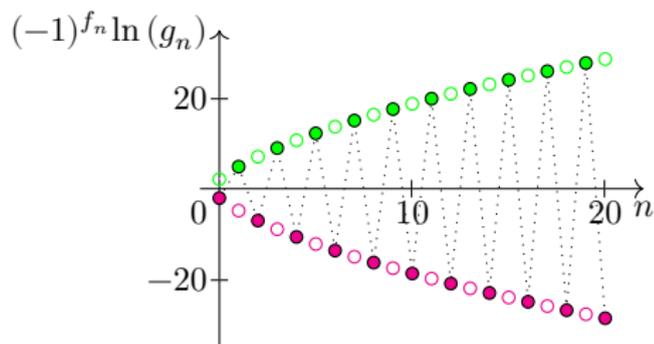
example:  $Dp$ -brane or anti- $Dp$ -brane on  $O_p$ -plane ( $m_n^2 = n/\alpha'$ )

review: Angelantonj, Sagnotti - Phys. Rept. 371 (2002) 1 [hep-th/0204089]



$Dp$ -brane on  $O_p$ -plane:

$$\Lambda_{p+1} = 0, \text{ i.e. SUSY}$$



anti- $Dp$ -brane on  $O_p$ -plane:

non-SUSY,  
 but  $|\Lambda_{p+1}| < \infty$  ( $p < 7$ )

observation:

▶ non-SUSY strings with:

- non-zero net degeneracies  $(-1)^{f_n} g_n \geq 0$
- possibly finite loop corrections e.g.  $\Lambda_D < \infty$

goal:

▶ interpret string-theory finiteness as due to boson-fermion cancellations entailing the whole string spectrum, i.e. with no cutoffs, even in the absence of SUSY (*misaligned supersymmetry*)

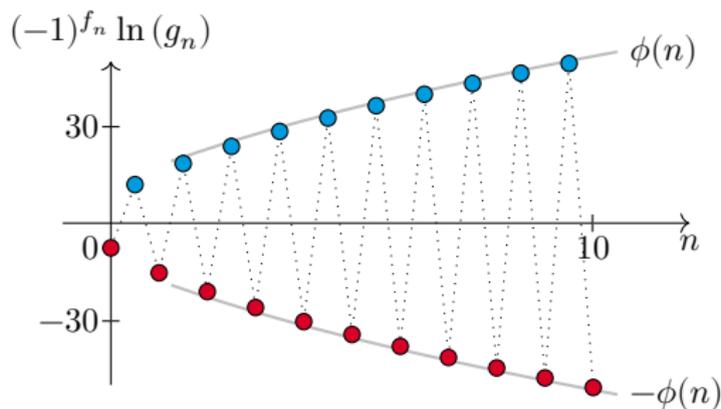
Dienes - Nucl. Phys. B429 (1994) 533 [hep-th/9402006]

Dienes - Nucl. Phys. B611 (2001) 146 [hep-th/0104274]

# CLOSED-STRING MISALIGNED SUPERSYMMETRY

example: heterotic  $SO(16) \times SO(16)$ -theory ( $M_n^2 = 4n/\alpha'$ )

Álvarez-Gaumé, Ginsparg, Moore, Vafa - Phys. Lett. B171 (1986) 155



$$g_n > 0$$
$$\Lambda_{10} < \infty$$

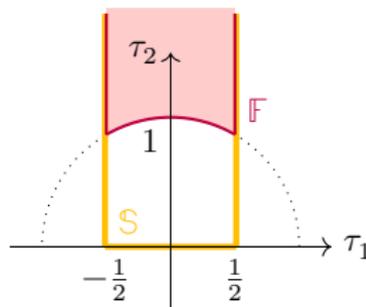
► intuition:  $\Lambda_{10} < \infty$  because  $\phi_b(n) - \phi_f(n) = 0$

note:

- only closed strings
- only leading order in HRR-sum

partition function  $Z = Z(\tau, \bar{\tau})$ ,  
 modular invariance (+ no tachyons):

$$\tilde{\Lambda}_D = -\frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{\alpha'}} \right]^D \int_{\mathbb{F}} \frac{d^2\tau}{\tau_2^2} Z(\tau, \bar{\tau}) < \infty$$



► Kutasov-Seiberg identity:

$$\tilde{\Lambda}_D = -\frac{\pi}{6} \left[ \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{\alpha'}} \right]^D \lim_{\tau_2 \rightarrow 0^+} \left[ \tau_2^{1-D/2} \sum_{n \in \frac{1}{2}\mathbb{N}_0} (-1)^{f_n} g_n e^{-4\pi\tau_2 n} \right] < \infty$$

Kutasov, Seiberg - Nucl. Phys. B358 (1991) 600

Angelantonj, Cardella, Elitzur, Rabinovici - JHEP 02 (2011) 024 [hep-th/1012.5091]

interpretation:

finiteness due to boson-fermion cancellations

entailing the whole tower of physical states, i.e. misaligned SUSY

non-SUSY open-string theories: similar structure, but **no modular invariance**

▶ partition function: 
$$M(it) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{N}_0} (-1)^{f_n} g_n e^{-2\pi t n}$$

▶ one-loop cosmological constant: 
$$\Lambda_{p+1} = -\frac{1}{(2\pi\sqrt{\alpha'})^{p+1}} \int_0^\infty \frac{dt}{2t} \frac{M(it)}{(2t)^{\frac{p+1}{2}}}$$

- possible divergence for  $t \sim 0^+$  (if no tachyons, region  $t \sim \infty$  is fine)

example: anti-D $p$ -brane on O $p$ -plane

$$M(\tau) = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{V_8 + S_8}{\eta^8} \left[ \tau + \frac{1}{2} \right] = -\frac{8\eta^{16}(\tau)\eta^{16}(4\tau)}{\eta^{40}(2\tau)}$$

Kani, Vafa - Commun. Math. Phys. 130 (1990) 529

Sussman '17, math-ph/1710.03415

observation ( $q(\tau) = e^{2\pi i\tau}$ ,  $\delta_m \in \mathbb{Z}$ ):

$$\blacktriangleright \eta\text{-quotient: } M(\tau) = \prod_{m=1}^{\infty} [\eta(m\tau)]^{\delta_m} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n q(\tau)^n$$

 $\blacktriangleright$  coefficients as HRR-expansions ( $n > 0$ ):

$$a_n = (-1)^{f_n} g_n = \sum_{\alpha \in A \subseteq \mathbb{N}} P_{\alpha}(n) f_{\alpha}(n)$$

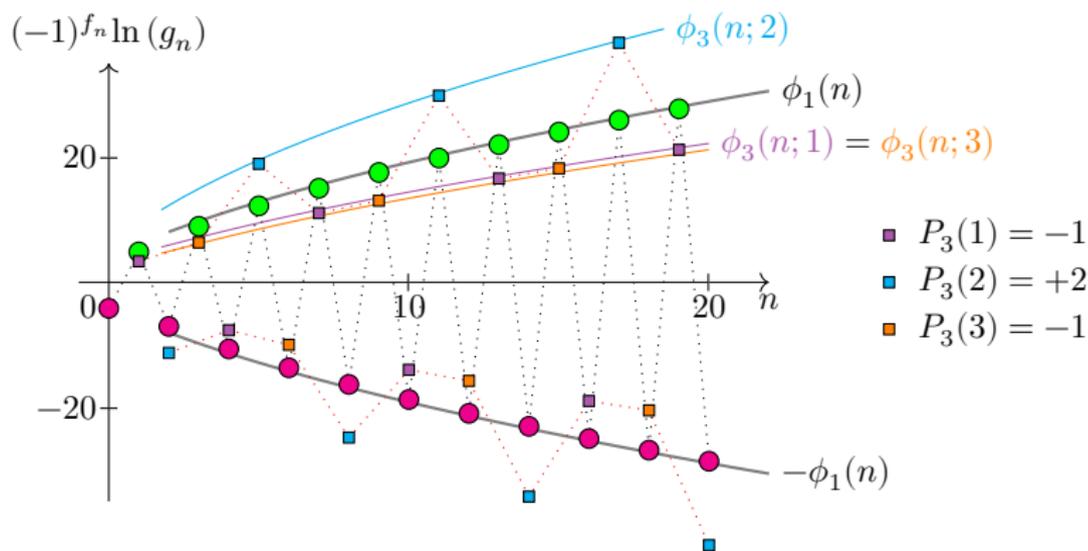
- $f_{\alpha}(n)$ : simple function, real even for  $n \in \mathbb{R}_0^+$
- $P_{\alpha}(n)$ : complicated sum of phases, but

$$- \alpha = 1: \quad P_1(n) = 1$$

$$- \alpha > 1: \quad \text{periodicity } P_{\alpha}(n) = P_{\alpha}(n + \alpha), \text{ with } \sum_{\beta=1}^{\alpha} P_{\alpha}(\beta) = 0$$

example: anti-D $p$ -brane on O $p$ -plane

- $\alpha = 1$  (leading order):  $\pm\phi_1(n) = \pm f_1(n)$
- $\alpha = 3$  (next-to-leading order):  $\pm\phi_3(n; \beta) = \pm P_3(\beta) f_3(n)$



► cancellation of exponential divergences!

series rearrangement:

$$M(it) = (-1)^{f_0} g_0 + \sum_{\alpha \in A} \sum_{\beta=1}^{\alpha} P_{\alpha}(\beta) [g_{\alpha}^{+}(t; \beta) - g_{\alpha}^{-}(t; \beta)]$$

► series computation:  $g_{\alpha}^{\pm}(t; \beta) \stackrel{t \sim 0^+}{\simeq} A_{\alpha} t^{-B_{\alpha}} e^{\frac{C_{\alpha}}{t}} + \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} b_l^{\pm}(\alpha; \beta) t^l$

► absence of exponential divergences as  $t \sim 0^+$ :

- $\alpha = 1$ :  $g_1^{+}(t; 0) - g_1^{-}(t; 0) \stackrel{t \sim 0^+}{\simeq} \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} b_l(1; 0) t^l$
- $\alpha > 1$ :  $(\beta, \pm)$ -independent divergences, hence cancellation

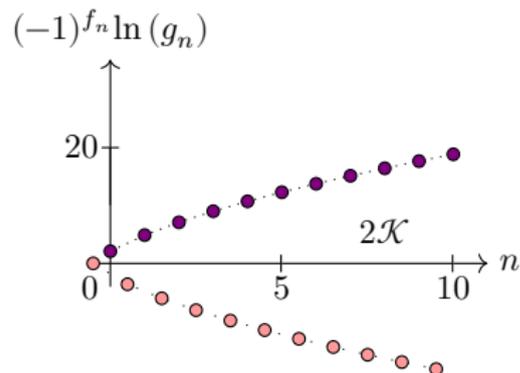
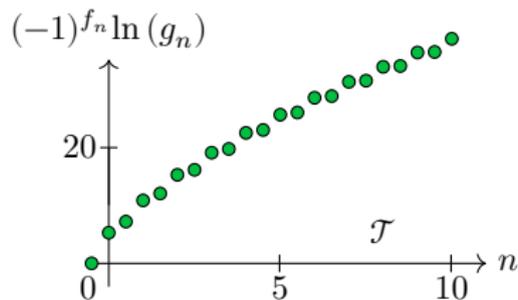
# NON-SUPERSYMMETRIC CLOSED STRINGS

methods for  $\mathcal{A}$ ,  $\mathcal{M}$  can be adapted for non-SUSY closed-string sectors ( $\mathcal{T}$ ,  $\mathcal{K}$ )

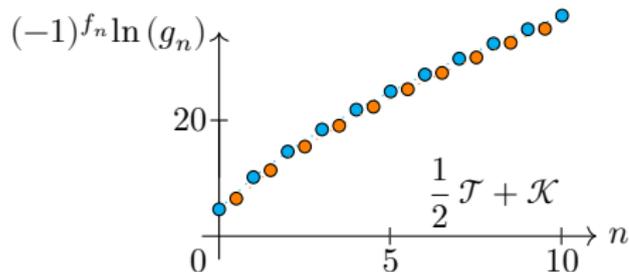
- ▶ heterotic  $\text{SO}(16) \times \text{SO}(16)$ -theory
- ▶ closed-string sector of type 0'B theory

Sagnotti, SUSY 95 [hep-th/9509080]

Sagnotti - Nucl. Phys. Proc. Suppl. 56B (1997) 332 [hep-th/9702093]



total amplitude:



- ▶ developments in misaligned SUSY:
  - all-order cancellations in the HRR-sums, both open and closed strings
  - mathematical description of the exponential cancellations in the one-loop cosmological constant

examples: Sugimoto model, het-SO(16)  $\times$  SO(16), type 0'B theory

- ▶ new directions:
  - more realistic constructions: e.g. multiple branes, compactifications, higher-loop corrections
  - different observables: e.g. masses  
Abel, Dienes - Phys. Rev. D 104 (2021) 12, 126032 [hep-th/2106.04622]
  - note: non-SUSY strings – e.g. anti-D-branes – with SUSY-like tools  
(another example: constrained superfields for non-linear SUGRA)  
Cribiori, Roupec, Tournoy, Van Proeyen, Wrase - JHEP 07 (2020) 189  
[hep-th/2004.13110]

Thank you!